



1

00:00:01,310 --> 00:00:11,650

NASA's Space Launch System rocket will roar into space from Launch Pad 39B at Kennedy

2

00:00:11,650 --> 00:00:12,809

Space Center.

3

00:00:12,809 --> 00:00:16,120

The flame trench beneath the pad is being upgraded to support the launch of the rocket

4

00:00:16,120 --> 00:00:20,619

for Exploration Mission-1, deep space missions, and the Journey to Mars.

5

00:00:20,619 --> 00:00:24,820

Segments of a new flame deflector were lifted by crane and lowered into position in the

6

00:00:24,820 --> 00:00:29,429

flame trench, about six feet south of the shuttle-era's flame deflector position.

7

00:00:29,429 --> 00:00:33,330

The new design – catering to a brand new rocket - will provide easier access for inspection,

8

00:00:33,330 --> 00:00:34,330

maintenance and repair.

9

00:00:34,330 --> 00:00:40,890

The Interim Cryogenic Propulsion Stage, or ICPS, for the Space Launch System rocket was

10

00:00:40,890 --> 00:00:44,500

lifted and moved to the Space Station Processing Facility high bay.

11

00:00:44,500 --> 00:00:48,760

When assembled, this section of the rocket will be located at the very top, just below

12

00:00:48,760 --> 00:00:50,080

the Orion capsule.

13

00:00:50,080 --> 00:00:55,240

During Exploration Mission-1 – NASA's first test mission of Orion and the SLS rocket,

14

00:00:55,240 --> 00:01:00,760

the ICPS, filled with liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen, will give Orion the big push needed